UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015

or

	For the transition period	od fromto	
Commission File Number		_	IRS Employer Identification No.
333-90553	State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization 333-90553 MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC (An Iowa Limited Liability Company) 666 Grand Avenue, Suite 500 Des Moines, Iowa 50309-2580 333-190862 MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY (An Iowa Corporation) 666 Grand Avenue, Suite 500 Des Moines, Iowa 50309-2580 (515) 242-4300 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code) N/A (Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last eate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Sectionange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrats), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. American Funding, LLC Yes □ No □ MidAmerican Energistrate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its contactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (some ceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and the proceeding 12 months (or for such shorter) and the proceeding 12 months (o	47-0819200	
333-190862	(An Io 666 Gran	wa Corporation) d Avenue, Suite 500	42-1425214
		*	
	(Registrant's telephor		
(Forme	er name, former address and		t report)
Exchange Act of 1934 during reports), and (2) has been subj	the preceding 12 months (cleet to such filing requirement	or for such shorter period that the regis ints for the past 90 days.	
Indicate by check mark wheth Interactive Data File required to	her the registrant has submit to be submitted and posted pu	ted electronically and posted on its coarsuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§	orporate Web site, if any, every 323.405 of this chapter) during
MidAmerican Funding, LLC	Yes ⊠ No □	MidAmerican Energ	gy Company Yes ⊠ No □
Large accelerated filer \square	Accelerated filer \square	Non-accelerated filer ⊠	Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark wheth	er either registrant is a shell	company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of	the Exchange Act).

All of the member's equity of MidAmerican Funding, LLC was held by its parent company, Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company, as of July 31, 2015.

All common stock of MidAmerican Energy Company is held by its parent company, MHC Inc., which is a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of MidAmerican Funding, LLC. As of July 31, 2015, 70,980,203 shares of MidAmerican Energy Company common stock, without par value, were outstanding.

MidAmerican Funding, LLC and MidAmerican Energy Company separately file this combined Form 10-Q. Information relating to each individual registrant is filed by such registrant on its own behalf. MidAmerican Energy Company makes no representation as to information relating to any other subsidiary of MidAmerican Funding, LLC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART I

Item 1.	<u>Financial Statements</u>	<u>1</u>
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	<u>29</u>
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	<u>40</u>
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	<u>40</u>
	PART II	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	<u>41</u>
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	<u>41</u>
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	<u>41</u>
Item 3.	<u>Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	<u>41</u>
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	<u>41</u>
Item 5.	Other Information	<u>41</u>
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	<u>41</u>
<u>Signatures</u>		<u>42</u>
Exhibit Index		43

Definition of Abbreviations and Industry Terms

When used in Forward-Looking Statements, Part I - Items 2 through 4, and Part II - Items 1 through 6, the following terms have the definitions indicated.

Companies

BHE Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company

MidAmerican Funding MidAmerican Funding, LLC
MidAmerican Energy MidAmerican Energy Company

Berkshire Hathaway Inc. and its subsidiaries

Certain Industry Terms

AFUDC Allowance for Funds Used During Construction

DSM Demand-side Management

Dth Decatherms

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

FERC Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

GWh Gigawatt Hours
IUB Iowa Utilities Board

MW Megawatts
MWh Megawatt Hours

Forward-Looking Statements

This report contains statements that do not directly or exclusively relate to historical facts. These statements are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Forward-looking statements can typically be identified by the use of forward-looking words, such as "will," "may," "could," "project," "believe," "anticipate," "expect," "estimate," "continue," "intend," "potential," "plan," "forecast" and similar terms. These statements are based upon MidAmerican Funding's and MidAmerican Energy's current intentions, assumptions, expectations and beliefs and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other important factors. Many of these factors are outside the control of MidAmerican Funding or MidAmerican Energy and could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others:

- general economic, political and business conditions, as well as changes in, and compliance with, laws and regulations, including reliability and safety standards, affecting MidAmerican Energy's operations or related industries;
- changes in, and compliance with, environmental laws, regulations, decisions and policies that could, among other items, increase operating and capital costs, reduce generating facility output, accelerate generating facility retirements or delay generating facility construction or acquisition;
- the outcome of rate cases and other proceedings conducted by regulatory commissions or other governmental and legal bodies and MidAmerican Energy's ability to recover costs in rates in a timely manner;
- changes in economic, industry, competition or weather conditions, as well as demographic trends, new technologies and
 various conservation, energy efficiency and distributed generation measures and programs, that could affect customer
 growth and usage, electricity and natural gas supply or MidAmerican Energy's ability to obtain long-term contracts with
 customers and suppliers;
- a high degree of variance between actual and forecasted load or generation that could impact MidAmerican Energy's hedging strategy;
- performance and availability of MidAmerican Energy's generating facilities, including the impacts of outages and repairs, transmission constraints, weather, including wind, and operating conditions;
- changes in prices, availability and demand for wholesale electricity, coal, natural gas, other fuel sources and fuel transportation that could have a significant impact on generating capacity and energy costs;

- the financial condition and creditworthiness of MidAmerican Energy's significant customers and suppliers;
- changes in business strategy or development plans;
- availability, terms and deployment of capital, including reductions in demand for investment grade commercial paper, debt securities and other sources of debt financing and volatility in the London Interbank Offered Rate, the base interest rate for MidAmerican Energy's credit facilities;
- changes in MidAmerican Energy's credit ratings;
- risks relating to nuclear generation;
- the impact of certain contracts used to mitigate or manage volume, price and interest rate risk, including increased collateral requirements, and changes in commodity prices, interest rates and other conditions that affect the fair value of certain contracts;
- the impact of inflation on costs and MidAmerican Energy's ability to recover such costs in regulated rates;
- increases in employee healthcare costs, including the implementation of the Affordable Care Act;
- the impact of investment performance and changes in interest rates, legislation, healthcare cost trends, mortality and morbidity on pension and other postretirement benefits expense and funding requirements;
- unanticipated construction delays, changes in costs, receipt of required permits and authorizations, ability to fund capital projects and other factors that could affect future generating facilities and infrastructure additions;
- the impact of new accounting guidance or changes in current accounting estimates and assumptions on MidAmerican Funding's or MidAmerican Energy's consolidated financial results;
- the effects of catastrophic and other unforeseen events, which may be caused by factors beyond MidAmerican Energy's control or by a breakdown or failure of its operating assets, including storms, floods, fires, explosions, litigation, wars, terrorism and embargoes; and
- other business or investment considerations that may be disclosed from time to time in MidAmerican Funding's or MidAmerican Energy's filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission or in other publicly disseminated written documents.

Further details of the potential risks and uncertainties affecting MidAmerican Funding or MidAmerican Energy are described in their filings with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, including Part II, Item 1A and other discussions contained in this Form 10-Q. MidAmerican Funding and MidAmerican Energy undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. The foregoing factors should not be construed as exclusive.

PART I

Item 1. Financial Statements

MidAmerican Energy Company

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	2
Balance Sheets	3
Statements of Operations	
Statements of Comprehensive Income	4 =
Statements of Changes in Equity	<u>(</u>
Statements of Cash Flows	
Notes to Financial Statements	<u> </u>
MidAmerican Funding, LLC and Subsidiaries Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	19
Consolidated Balance Sheets	<u>20</u>
Consolidated Statements of Operations	<u>21</u>
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	<u>22</u>
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	<u>23</u>
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	<u>2</u> 4
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	<u>25</u>

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholder of MidAmerican Energy Company Des Moines, Iowa

We have reviewed the accompanying balance sheet of MidAmerican Energy Company (the "Company") as of June 30, 2015, and the related statements of operations and comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the balance sheet and statement of capitalization (not presented herein) of MidAmerican Energy Company as of December 31, 2014, and the related statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 27, 2015, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying balance sheet as of December 31, 2014 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Des Moines, Iowa August 7, 2015

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: - 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210			As	of	
Utility plant, net Electric \$ 13,54 \$ 1,462 1,462 1,482 1,462 1,482 1,462 1,482 1,		J		Dec	
Electric \$ 13,534 \$ 1,426 Gas 1,462 1,432 Gross utility plant in service 14,956 14,858 Accumulated depreciation and amortization (5,042) (4,954) Utility plant in service, net 9,954 9,004 Construction work in progress 83 66 Total utility plant, net 10,247 10,510 Current assets 302 29 Receivables, net 302 29 Receivables, net 302 433 Inventories 181 85 Other 84 87 Total current assets 181 85 Other 84 87 Total current assets 959 1,041 Other 159 9 Regulatory assets 959 9 Investments and nonregulated property, net 64 64 Other 154 164 Other Cartellation 25 3,25 Total current assets 2,36 3,			_		
Gas 1,462 1,432 Gos utility plant in service 14,985 14,885 Accumulated depreciation and amortization (5,042) 4,954 Utility plant in service, net 9,954 9,904 Construction work in progress 383 606 Total utility plant, net 10,807 10,100 Current assets: 302 29 Receivables, net 392 433 Income taxes receivable 392 433 Income taxes receivable 84 87 Other 84 87 Total current assets 95 1,04 Other 64 64 Total content assets 460 64 Investments and nonregulated property, net 460 64 Other 51,53 1,76 Total other assets 21,53 1,76 Total content assets 31,53 1,76 Total content assets 45 4,5 Total content assets 5 4,5 Long-term devi		Ф	10.504	Ф	10.406
Gross utility plant in service 14,996 14,858 Accumulated depreciation and amortization (5,042) (4,954) Utility plant in service, net 9,954 9,904 Construction work in progress 303 606 Total utility plant, net 10,837 10,510 Current assets:		\$		\$	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization (5,042) (4,954) Utility plant in service, net 9,954 9,904 Construction work in progress 893 606 Total utility plant, net 10,807 10,510 Current assers: 302 29 Receivables, net 302 433 Income taxes receivable 181 85 Other 84 87 Total current assets 959 10,41 Other 84 87 Total current assets 959 10,41 Other 959 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 64 634 Other 154 164 Total other assets 959 908 Total assets 1,753 1,706 Total capitalization 8,106 3,36 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 8,106 7,88 Current portion of long-term debt 43 4,26 Current portion of long-term debt 43 4,26					
Utility plant in service, net 9,954 9,004 Construction work in progress 893 606 Total utility plant, net 10,847 10,810 Current assets:					
Construction work in progress 893 606 Total utility plant, net 10,807 10,810 Current assets: 2 Cash and cash equivalents 302 2 Receivables, net 302 433 Income taxes receivable					
Total utility plant, net 10,810 Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents 302 29 Receivables, net 392 433 Income taxes receivable					
Current assets: 302 29 Receivables, net 392 433 Income taxes receivable — 307 Inventories 181 185 Other 84 87 Total current assets 959 1041 Other assets: — 800 604 Cher assets 959 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 634 Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets \$ 13,559 \$ 13,259 CAPITALIZATIONAND LIABILITIES ** 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: *** *** Current portion of long-term debt 4 4 4 Accounts payable 373 392 1 Interest accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 4 4					
Cash and cash equivalents 302 433 Receivables, net 392 433 Income taxes receivable 181 185 Other 84 87 Total current assets 959 1,041 Other assets: 959 908 Regulatory assets 959 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 634 Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets 4,472 4,250 Total current process received 3,630 7,800 Regulatization 3,630 7,800 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,600 7,800 Total capitalization 3,600 7,800 Current liabilities: 3 426 Current portion of long-term debt 4 4 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 313 128 Other 1,3	• •		10,847		10,510
Receivables, net 392 433 Income taxes receivable					
Income taxes receivable — 307 Inventories 181 185 Other 84 87 Total current assets 959 1,041 Other assets: Regulatory assets 959 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 634 Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets 4,472 4,250 Total capitalization: 2,450 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: 5 4 2 Short-term debt 5 5 4 2 4 2 Current prortion of long-term debt 431 426 4 4 4 4 4 2 4 3 3 3 2 4 3 3 3 2					
Inventories 181 185 Other 84 87 Total current assets 959 1,041 Other assets: 959 908 Regulatory assets 959 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 634 Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,500 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,634 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: 5 4 4 4 Short-term debt - 5 5 4 2 4 5 4 2 6 6 7,880 2 4 2 6 6 7,880 2 1 3 3 3 9 2 4 2 4 2 4	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		392		
Other 84 87 Total current assets 959 1,041 Other assets 895 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 648 Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets 1,753 1,325 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITES Captralizization: 3,634 3,630 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,105 7,880 Total capitalization 8,105 7,880 Current liabilities: 2 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 313 328 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 2,738 2,636 Other liabilities 2,738 2,636 Deferred income taxes 2,738 <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td>			_		
Total current assets 959 1,041 Other assets 959 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 634 Other 154 164 Total assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets \$ 13,559 \$ 13,257 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 2,738 2,663 Other 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Asset retirement obligations					
Other assets: Segulatory assets 959 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 634 Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 2,738 2,663 Other liabilities 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 283 283 Total other liabilitities 283 283					
Regulatory assets 959 908 Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 634 Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 2,738 2,663 Other liabilities 2,738 2,663 Other liabilities 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 2,738 837 Total other liabilities			959		1,041
Investments and nonregulated property, net 640 634 Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets \$13,559 \$13,559 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$4,472 \$4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization \$1,06 7,880 Current liabilities: \$ \$ 4,26 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 1,139 1,167 Total current liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 2,834 2,663 As					
Other 154 164 Total other assets 1,753 1,706 Total assets 13,559 13,257 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: Short-term debt — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 133 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 2,788 Total other liabilities 451 4,210 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Total other assets 1,753 1,706 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 283 278 Other 283 278	Investments and nonregulated property, net		640		634
Total assets \$ 13,559 \$ 13,257 CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: Short-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210					
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: - 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Total other assets		1,753		1,706
Capitalization: MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: Short-term debt — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Total assets	\$	13,559	\$	13,257
MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity \$ 4,472 \$ 4,250 Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: Short-term debt — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210					
Long-term debt, excluding current portion 3,634 3,630 Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: - 50 Short-term debt - 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Capitalization:				
Total capitalization 8,106 7,880 Current liabilities: - 50 Short-term debt - 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	MidAmerican Energy common shareholder's equity	\$	4,472	\$	4,250
Current liabilities: Short-term debt — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Long-term debt, excluding current portion		3,634		3,630
Short-term debt — 50 Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Total capitalization		8,106		7,880
Current portion of long-term debt 431 426 Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable 373 392 Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210			_		
Taxes accrued 133 128 Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Current portion of long-term debt		431		
Interest accrued 40 40 Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210			373		
Other 162 131 Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 					
Total current liabilities 1,139 1,167 Other liabilities: 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210					
Other liabilities: Deferred income taxes 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210					
Deferred income taxes 2,738 2,663 Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210			1,139		1,167
Asset retirement obligations 457 432 Regulatory liabilities 836 837 Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210					
Regulatory liabilities836837Other283278Total other liabilities4,3144,210					
Other 283 278 Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Asset retirement obligations		457		432
Total other liabilities 4,314 4,210	Regulatory liabilities		836		837
	Other		283		278
Total capitalization and liabilities \$ 13,559 \$ 13,257	Total other liabilities		4,314		4,210
<u> </u>	Total capitalization and liabilities	\$	13,559	\$	13,257

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	1	Three-Mor Ended			Six-Month Periods Ended June 30,			
		2015	20			2015		2014
Operating revenue:								
Regulated electric	\$	461	\$	426	\$	887	\$	876
Regulated gas		110		136		405		647
Nonregulated		222		207		447		471
Total operating revenue		793		769		1,739	_	1,994
Operating costs and expenses:								
Regulated:								
Cost of fuel, energy and capacity		104		120		226		266
Cost of gas sold		55		83		256		492
Other operating expenses		119		123		236		232
Maintenance		51		77		100		121
Depreciation and amortization		99		85		199		170
Property and other taxes		30		29		63		61
Total regulated operating costs and expenses		458	_	517		1,080		1,342
Nonregulated:						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Cost of sales		204		194		416		435
Other		9		7		15		13
Total nonregulated operating costs and expenses		213		201		431	_	448
Total operating costs and expenses		671		718		1,511		1,790
Operating income		122		51		228		204
Non-operating income:								
Interest income		1		1		1		1
Allowance for equity funds		6		10		11		19
Other, net		_		3		4		5
Total non-operating income		7		14		16		25
Fixed charges:								
Interest on long-term debt		44		45		88		85
Other interest expense		1		1		1		1
Allowance for borrowed funds		(2)		(4)		(4)		(8)
Total fixed charges		43		42		85		78
Income before income tax benefit		86		23		159		151
Income tax benefit		(45)		(9)		(66)		(38)
		(.5)		(-)		(53)		(20)
Net income	\$	131	\$	32	\$	225	\$	189

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	Three-Month Periods Ended June 30,				Six-Month Periods Ended June 30,				
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Net income	\$	131	\$	32	\$	225	\$	189	
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:									
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$-, \$-, \$- and \$1		1		_		1		1	
Unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net of tax of \$(3), \$6, \$(1) and \$16		(6)		9		(4)		23	
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		(5)		9		(3)		24	
Comprehensive income	\$	126	\$	41	\$	222	\$	213	

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

Balance, December 31, 2013 Net income Other comprehensive income Balance, June 30, 2014 Balance, December 31, 2014	Com Sto		 etained ernings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, Net		Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$	561	\$ 3,295	\$ (11) \$	3,845
Net income		_	189	_		189
Other comprehensive income		_	_	24		24
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$	561	\$ 3,484	\$ 13	\$	4,058
	-					
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	561	\$ 3,712	\$ (23)) \$	4,250
Net income		_	225	_		225
Other comprehensive loss				(3)	(3)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$	561	\$ 3,937	\$ (26	\$	4,472

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

		ods),		
Utility construction expenditures Purchases of available-for-sale securities Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities Other, net Net cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from long-term debt Repayments of long-term debt Net repayments of short-term debt Other, net Net cash flows from financing activities et change in cash and cash equivalents ash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		2015	2	2014
	\$	225	\$	189
	\$	223	Ф	189
		199		170
•		4		170
		24		22
		5		(29)
		3		(29)
		40		(1)
		40		(1) 50
		35		(47)
		(4)		(1)
		(103)		(22)
		16		34
		753		400
Net cash flows from operating activities	<u></u>	/33		400
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Utility construction expenditures		(428)		(432)
Purchases of available-for-sale securities		(61)		(47)
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities		56		44
Other, net		3		4
Net cash flows from investing activities		(430)		(431)
Cash flaws from financing activities				
_				847
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				(356)
		(50)		(330)
		(30)		(7)
·		(50)		484
2 to Cash Ito the Itom Immissing week three		(00)		101
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		273		453
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		29		194
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	302	\$	647

MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(1) General

MidAmerican Energy Company ("MidAmerican Energy") is a public utility with electric and natural gas operations and is the principal subsidiary of MHC Inc. ("MHC"). MHC is a holding company that conducts no business other than the ownership of its subsidiaries and related corporate services. MHC's nonregulated subsidiaries include Midwest Capital Group, Inc. and MEC Construction Services Co. MHC is the direct, wholly owned subsidiary of MidAmerican Funding, LLC ("MidAmerican Funding"), which is an Iowa limited liability company with Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company ("BHE") as its sole member. BHE is a consolidated subsidiary of Berkshire Hathaway Inc. ("Berkshire Hathaway").

The unaudited Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and regulations for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements. Management believes the unaudited Financial Statements contain all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for the fair presentation of the unaudited Financial Statements as of June 30, 2015, and for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. The results of operations for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of the unaudited Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from the estimates used in preparing the unaudited Financial Statements. Note 2 of Notes to Financial Statements included in MidAmerican Energy's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, describes the most significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the unaudited Financial Statements. There have been no significant changes in MidAmerican Energy's assumptions regarding significant accounting estimates and policies during the six-month period ended June 30, 2015.

(2) New Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-03, which amends FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Subtopic 835-30, "Interest - Imputation of Interest." The amendments in this guidance require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability instead of as an asset. This guidance is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015, with early adoption permitted. This guidance must be adopted retrospectively, wherein the balance sheet of each period presented should be adjusted to reflect the new guidance. MidAmerican Energy is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on its Financial Statements and disclosures included within Notes to Financial Statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, which creates FASB ASC Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" and supersedes ASC Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition." The guidance replaces industry-specific guidance and establishes a single five-step model to identify and recognize revenue. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue upon transfer of control of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Additionally, the guidance requires the entity to disclose further quantitative and qualitative information regarding the nature and amount of revenues arising from contracts with customers, as well as other information about the significant judgments and estimates used in recognizing revenues from contracts with customers. In July 2015, the FASB decided to defer the effective date one year to interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017. This guidance may be adopted retrospectively or under a modified retrospective method where the cumulative effect is recognized at the date of initial application. MidAmerican Energy is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this guidance on its Financial Statements and disclosures included within Notes to Financial Statements.

(3) Components of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net

The following table shows the change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net ("AOCI") by each component of other comprehensive income, net of applicable income taxes (in millions):

	Loss Available	Unrealized Losses on Available-For-Sale Securities			Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, Net		
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$	(4)	¢	(7)	¢	(11)	
Other comprehensive income	Þ	(4)	Ф	23	Φ	24	
-	•	(2)	\$		<u>\$</u>	13	
Balance, June 30, 2014	D	(3)	D	10	5	13	
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	(3)	\$	(20)	\$	(23)	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		1		(4)		(3)	
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$	(2)	\$	(24)	\$	(26)	

For information regarding cash flow hedge reclassifications from AOCI to net income in their entirety, refer to Note 6.

(4) Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the federal statutory income tax rate to MidAmerican Energy's effective income tax rate applicable to income before income tax benefit is as follows:

	Three-Mont Ended Ju		Six-Month Ended Ju	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
Federal statutory income tax rate	35 %	35 %	35 %	35 %
Income tax credits	(66)	(62)	(62)	(55)
State income tax, net of federal income tax benefit	(8)	(3)	(3)	1
Effects of ratemaking	(13)	(8)	(12)	(5)
Other, net	_	(1)		(1)
Effective income tax rate	(52)%	(39)%	(42)%	(25)%

Income tax credits relate primarily to production tax credits from MidAmerican Energy's wind-powered generating facilities. Federal renewable electricity production tax credits are earned as energy from qualifying wind-powered generating facilities is produced and sold and are based on a per-kilowatt hour rate pursuant to the applicable federal income tax law. Wind-powered generating facilities are eligible for the credits for 10 years from the date the qualifying generating facilities are placed in service.

Berkshire Hathaway includes BHE and subsidiaries in its United States federal income tax return. Consistent with established regulatory practice, MidAmerican Energy's provision for income taxes has been computed on a stand-alone basis, and substantially all of its currently payable or receivable income taxes are remitted to or received from BHE. MidAmerican Energy received net cash payments for income taxes from BHE totaling \$373 million and \$86 million for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(5) Employee Benefit Plans

MidAmerican Energy sponsors a noncontributory defined benefit pension plan covering a majority of all employees of BHE and its domestic energy subsidiaries other than PacifiCorp and NV Energy, Inc. MidAmerican Energy also sponsors certain postretirement healthcare and life insurance benefits covering substantially all retired employees of BHE and its domestic energy subsidiaries other than PacifiCorp and NV Energy, Inc.

Net periodic benefit cost for the plans of MidAmerican Energy and the aforementioned affiliates included the following components (in millions):

							nth Periods I June 30,		
		2015		2014		2015		2014	
Pension:				_					
Service cost	\$	3	\$	4	\$	6	\$	7	
Interest cost		8		9		16		18	
Expected return on plan assets		(12)		(12)		(23)		(23)	
Net amortization		1		_		1		1	
Net periodic benefit cost	\$		\$	1	\$	_	\$	3	
Other postretirement:									
Service cost	\$	1	\$	2	\$	3	\$	3	
Interest cost		3		3		5		5	
Expected return on plan assets		(3)		(4)		(7)		(7)	
Net amortization		(1)		(1)		(2)		(2)	
Net periodic benefit cost (benefit)	\$		\$		\$	(1)	\$	(1)	

Employer contributions to the pension and other postretirement benefit plans are expected to be \$8 million and \$1 million, respectively, during 2015. As of June 30, 2015, \$4 million and \$- million of contributions had been made to the pension and other postretirement benefit plans, respectively.

(6) Risk Management and Hedging Activities

MidAmerican Energy is exposed to the impact of market fluctuations in commodity prices and interest rates. MidAmerican Energy is principally exposed to electricity, natural gas, coal and fuel oil commodity price risk as it has an obligation to serve retail customer load in its regulated service territory. MidAmerican Energy also provides nonregulated retail electricity and natural gas services in competitive markets, which creates contractual obligations to provide electric and natural gas services. MidAmerican Energy's load and generating facilities represent substantial underlying commodity positions. Exposures to commodity prices consist mainly of variations in the price of fuel required to generate electricity, wholesale electricity that is purchased and sold, and natural gas supply for retail customers. Commodity prices are subject to wide price swings as supply and demand are impacted by, among many other unpredictable items, weather; market liquidity; generating facility availability; customer usage; storage; and transmission and transportation constraints. Interest rate risk exists on variable-rate debt and future debt issuances. MidAmerican Energy does not engage in a material amount of proprietary trading activities.

MidAmerican Energy has established a risk management process that is designed to identify, assess, monitor, report, manage and mitigate each of the various types of risk involved in its business. To mitigate a portion of its commodity price risk, MidAmerican Energy uses commodity derivative contracts, which may include forwards, futures, options, swaps and other agreements, to effectively secure future supply or sell future production generally at fixed prices. MidAmerican Energy manages its interest rate risk by limiting its exposure to variable interest rates primarily through the issuance of fixed-rate long-term debt and by monitoring market changes in interest rates. Additionally, MidAmerican Energy may from time to time enter into interest rate derivative contracts, such as interest rate swaps or locks, to mitigate its exposure to interest rate risk. MidAmerican Energy does not hedge all of its commodity price and interest rate risks, thereby exposing the unhedged portion to changes in market prices.

There have been no significant changes in MidAmerican Energy's accounting policies related to derivatives. Refer to Note 7 for additional information on derivative contracts.

The following table, which reflects master netting arrangements and excludes contracts that have been designated as normal under the normal purchases or normal sales exception afforded by GAAP, summarizes the fair value of MidAmerican Energy's derivative contracts, on a gross basis, and reconciles those amounts to the amounts presented on a net basis on the Balance Sheets (in millions):

	Ass	rrent sets - ther	Ass	her ets - her	Liab	rrent ilities - ther	Lia	Other bilities - Other	Total
As of June 30, 2015:									
Not designated as hedging contracts ⁽¹⁾ :									
Commodity assets	\$	11	\$	3	\$	15	\$	_	\$ 29
Commodity liabilities		(1)		_		(51)		(5)	(57)
Total		10		3		(36)		(5)	(28)
Designated as hedging contracts:									
Commodity assets		_		_		2		2	4
Commodity liabilities		_		_		(24)		(20)	(44)
Total						(22)		(18)	(40)
Total derivatives		10		3		(58)		(23)	(68)
Cash collateral receivable		_		_		26		5	31
Total derivatives - net basis	\$	10	\$	3	\$	(32)	\$	(18)	\$ (37)
As of December 31, 2014:									
Not designated as hedging contracts ⁽¹⁾ :									
Commodity assets	\$	14	\$	3	\$	19	\$	1	\$ 37
Commodity liabilities		_				(69)		(4)	(73)
Total		14		3		(50)		(3)	(36)
Designated as hedging contracts:									
Commodity assets		_		<u>—</u>		4		2	6
Commodity liabilities		_				(27)		(17)	(44)
Total						(23)		(15)	(38)
Total derivatives		14		3		(73)		(18)	(74)
Cash collateral receivable		_				42		5	47
Total derivatives - net basis	\$	14	\$	3	\$	(31)	\$	(13)	\$ (27)

⁽¹⁾ MidAmerican Energy's commodity derivatives not designated as hedging contracts are generally included in regulated rates, and as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, a net regulatory asset of \$28 million and \$38 million, respectively, was recorded related to the net derivative liability of \$28 million and \$36 million, respectively.

Not Designated as Hedging Contracts

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances of MidAmerican Energy's net regulatory assets and summarizes the pre-tax gains and losses on commodity derivative contracts recognized in net regulatory assets, as well as amounts reclassified to earnings (in millions):

		Three-Month Periods Ended June 30,					Six-Month Periods Ended June 30,			
	2015		2014		2015		15 20			
Beginning balance	\$	18	\$	32	\$	38	\$	10		
Changes in fair value recognized in net regulatory assets		17		20		19		62		
Net losses reclassified to operating revenue		(6)		(5)		(22)		(24)		
Net (losses) gains reclassified to cost of gas sold		(1)		1		(7)		_		
Ending balance	\$	28	\$	48	\$	28	\$	48		

The following table summarizes the pre-tax gains (losses) included on the Statements of Operations associated with MidAmerican Energy's commodity derivative contracts not designated as hedging contracts and not recorded as a net regulatory asset or liability (in millions):

		ee-Mor Ended J			Six-Month Periods Ended June 30,			
	2015		2014		2015			2014
Nonregulated operating revenue	\$	1	\$	1	\$	4	\$	(8)
Regulated cost of gas sold		1		_		2		_
Nonregulated cost of sales		(1)		_		(5)		21
Total	\$	1	\$	1	\$	1	\$	13

Designated as Hedging Contracts

MidAmerican Energy uses commodity derivative contracts accounted for as cash flow hedges to hedge electricity and natural gas commodity prices for delivery to nonregulated customers. The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances of MidAmerican Energy's accumulated other comprehensive (income) loss (pre-tax) and summarizes pre-tax gains and losses on commodity derivative contracts designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges recognized in other comprehensive income ("OCI"), as well as amounts reclassified to earnings (in millions):

		ree-Moi Ended 3			Six-Month Periods Ended June 30,			
	2015			2014	2015			2014
Beginning balance	\$	30	\$	(13)	\$	34	\$	11
Changes in fair value recognized in OCI		25		(21)		19		(79)
Net (losses) gains reclassified to nonregulated cost of sales		(16)		6		(14)		40
Ending balance	\$ 39		\$	(28)	\$	39	\$	(28)

Realized gains and losses on hedges and hedge ineffectiveness are recognized in income as nonregulated operating revenue or nonregulated cost of sales depending upon the nature of the item being hedged. For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, hedge ineffectiveness was insignificant, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, hedge ineffectiveness was a pre-tax gain of \$1 million and \$- million, respectively. As of June 30, 2015, MidAmerican Energy had cash flow hedges with expiration dates extending through December 2019, and \$22 million of pre-tax net unrealized losses are forecasted to be reclassified from AOCI into earnings over the next twelve months as contracts settle.

Derivative Contract Volumes

The following table summarizes the net notional amounts of outstanding commodity derivative contracts with fixed price terms that comprise the mark-to-market values as of (in millions):

	Unit of Measure	June 30, 2015	December 31, 2014
Electricity purchases	Megawatt hours	16	14
Natural gas purchases	Decatherms	17	19

Credit Risk

MidAmerican Energy is exposed to counterparty credit risk associated with wholesale energy supply and marketing activities with other utilities, energy marketing companies, financial institutions and other market participants. Credit risk may be concentrated to the extent MidAmerican Energy's counterparties have similar economic, industry or other characteristics and due to direct or indirect relationships among the counterparties. Before entering into a transaction, MidAmerican Energy analyzes the financial condition of each significant wholesale counterparty, establishes limits on the amount of unsecured credit to be extended to each counterparty, and evaluates the appropriateness of unsecured credit limits on an ongoing basis. To further mitigate wholesale counterparty credit risk, MidAmerican Energy enters into netting and collateral arrangements that may include margining and cross-product netting agreements and obtains third-party guarantees, letters of credit and cash deposits. If required, MidAmerican Energy exercises rights under these arrangements, including calling on the counterparty's credit support arrangement.

Collateral and Contingent Features

In accordance with industry practice, certain wholesale derivative contracts contain credit support provisions that in part base MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements on its credit ratings for senior unsecured debt as reported by one or more of the three recognized credit rating agencies. These derivative contracts may either specifically provide bilateral rights to demand cash or other security if credit exposures on a net basis exceed specified rating-dependent threshold levels ("credit-risk-related contingent features") or provide the right for counterparties to demand "adequate assurance," or in some cases terminate the contract, in the event of a material adverse change in MidAmerican Energy's creditworthiness. These rights can vary by contract and by counterparty. As of June 30, 2015, MidAmerican Energy's credit ratings from the three recognized credit rating agencies were investment grade.

The aggregate fair value of MidAmerican Energy's derivative contracts in liability positions with specific credit-risk-related contingent features totaled \$60 million and \$52 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively, for which MidAmerican Energy had posted collateral of \$- million at each date. If all credit-risk-related contingent features for derivative contracts in liability positions had been triggered as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, MidAmerican Energy would have been required to post \$52 million and \$36 million, respectively, of additional collateral. MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements could fluctuate considerably due to market price volatility, changes in credit ratings, changes in legislation or regulation, or other factors.

(7) Fair Value Measurements

The carrying value of MidAmerican Energy's cash, certain cash equivalents, receivables, payables, accrued liabilities and short-term borrowings approximates fair value because of the short-term maturity of these instruments. MidAmerican Energy has various financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on the Financial Statements using inputs from the three levels of the fair value hierarchy. A financial asset or liability classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that MidAmerican Energy has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means (market corroborated inputs).
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs reflect MidAmerican Energy's judgments about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability since limited market data exists. MidAmerican Energy develops these inputs based on the best information available, including its own data.

The following table presents MidAmerican Energy's assets and liabilities recognized on the Balance Sheets and measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in millions):

	In	put Levels i	for	Fair Value I	Mea	surements				
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Other ⁽¹⁾		Total
As of June 30, 2015:										
Assets:										
Commodity derivatives	\$	_	\$	20	\$	13	\$	(20)	\$	13
Money market mutual funds ⁽²⁾		292		_		_		_		292
Debt securities:										
United States government obligations		131						_		131
International government obligations		_		3		_		_		3
Corporate obligations		_		40		_		_		40
Municipal obligations		_		2		_		_		2
Agency, asset and mortgage-backed obligations		_		3		_		_		3
Auction rate securities		_		_		27		_		27
Equity securities:										
United States companies		239		_		_		_		239
International companies		6		_		_		_		6
Investment funds		4		_		_				4
	\$	672	\$	68	\$	40	\$	(20)	\$	760
Liabilities - commodity derivatives	\$	(12)	\$	(69)	\$	(20)	\$	51	\$	(50)
As of December 31, 2014:										
Assets:	ф	1	Φ	1.0	φ	24	ф	(20)	Φ	1.7
Commodity derivatives	\$	1	\$	18	\$	24	\$	(26)	Þ	17
Money market mutual funds ⁽²⁾		1		-		_		_		1
Debt securities:										
United States government obligations		136		_		_		_		136
International government obligations		_		1		_		_		1
Corporate obligations				39				_		39
Municipal obligations		_		2		_		_		2
Agency, asset and mortgage-backed obligations		_		2		_		_		2
Auction rate securities		_		_		26		_		26
Equity securities:										
United States companies		238		_		_		_		238
International companies		5		_		_		_		5
·	\$	381	\$	62	\$	50	\$	(26)	\$	467
Liabilities - commodity derivatives	\$	(18)	\$	(87)	\$	(12)	\$	73	\$	(44)

⁽¹⁾ Represents netting under master netting arrangements and a net cash collateral receivable of \$31 million and \$47 million as of June 30, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

⁽²⁾ Amounts are included in cash and cash equivalents and investments and nonregulated property, net on the Balance Sheets. The fair value of these money market mutual funds approximates cost.

Derivative contracts are recorded on the Balance Sheets as either assets or liabilities and are stated at estimated fair value unless they are designated as normal purchases or normal sales and qualify for the exception afforded by GAAP. When available, the fair value of derivative contracts is estimated using unadjusted quoted prices for identical contracts in the market in which MidAmerican Energy transacts. When quoted prices for identical contracts are not available, MidAmerican Energy uses forward price curves. Forward price curves represent MidAmerican Energy's estimates of the prices at which a buyer or seller could contract today for delivery or settlement at future dates. MidAmerican Energy bases its forward price curves upon market price quotations, when available, or internally developed and commercial models, with internal and external fundamental data inputs. Market price quotations are obtained from independent energy brokers, exchanges, direct communication with market participants and actual transactions executed by MidAmerican Energy. Market price quotations are generally readily obtainable for the applicable term of MidAmerican Energy's outstanding derivative contracts; therefore, MidAmerican Energy's forward price curves reflect observable market quotes. Market price quotations for certain electricity and natural gas trading hubs are not as readily obtainable due to the length of the contract. Given that limited market data exists for these contracts, as well as for those contracts that are not actively traded, MidAmerican Energy uses forward price curves derived from internal models based on perceived pricing relationships to major trading hubs that are based on unobservable inputs. The estimated fair value of these derivative contracts is a function of underlying forward commodity prices, interest rates, related volatility, counterparty creditworthiness and duration of contracts. Refer to Note 6 for further discussion regarding MidAmerican Energy's risk management and hedging activities.

MidAmerican Energy's investments in money market mutual funds and debt and equity securities are stated at fair value and are primarily accounted for as available-for-sale securities. When available, a readily observable quoted market price or net asset value of an identical security in an active market is used to record the fair value. In the absence of a quoted market price or net asset value of an identical security, the fair value is determined using pricing models or net asset values based on observable market inputs and quoted market prices of securities with similar characteristics. The fair value of MidAmerican Energy's investments in auction rate securities, where there is no current liquid market, is determined using pricing models based on available observable market data and MidAmerican Energy's judgment about the assumptions, including liquidity and nonperformance risks, which market participants would use when pricing the asset.

The following table reconciles the beginning and ending balances of MidAmerican Energy's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant Level 3 inputs (in millions):

	Three-Month Periods Ended June 30,					Six-Month Perio Ended June 30		
		Commodity Derivatives			Commodity Derivatives		Auction Rate Securitie	
<u>2015:</u>								
Beginning balance	\$	9	\$	26	\$	12	\$	26
Changes included in earnings ⁽¹⁾		2		_		4		_
Changes in fair value recognized in OCI		(4)		1		(3)		1
Changes in fair value recognized in net regulatory assets		(15)		_		(15)		_
Purchases		1		_		1		—
Settlements		_		_		(6)		_
Ending balance	\$	(7)	\$	27	\$	(7)	\$	27
2014:								
Beginning balance	\$	(2)	\$	25	\$	(3)	\$	23
Changes included in earnings ⁽¹⁾		2		_		(4)		_
Changes in fair value recognized in OCI		1		_		4		2
Changes in fair value recognized in net regulatory assets		(4)		_		(1)		—
Settlements		1				2		_
Ending balance	\$	(2)	\$	25	\$	(2)	\$	25

⁽¹⁾ Changes included in earnings are reported as nonregulated operating revenue on the Statements of Operations. For commodity derivatives held as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, net unrealized gains included in earnings for the three-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, totaled \$1 million and \$2 million, respectively, and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, totaled \$4 million and \$1 million, respectively.

MidAmerican Energy's long-term debt is carried at cost on the Financial Statements. The fair value of MidAmerican Energy's long-term debt is a Level 2 fair value measurement and has been estimated based upon quoted market prices, where available, or at the present value of future cash flows discounted at rates consistent with comparable maturities with similar credit risks. The carrying value of MidAmerican Energy's variable-rate long-term debt approximates fair value because of the frequent repricing of these instruments at market rates. The following table presents the carrying value and estimated fair value of MidAmerican Energy's long-term debt (in millions):

	As of Jun	e 30	, 2015	A	s of Decem	mber 31, 201	
	arrying Value		Fair Value	C	Carrying Value		Fair Value
Long-term debt	\$ 4,065	\$	4,447	\$	4,056	\$	4,581

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

MidAmerican Energy is party to a variety of legal actions arising out of the normal course of business. Plaintiffs occasionally seek punitive or exemplary damages. MidAmerican Energy does not believe that such normal and routine litigation will have a material impact on its financial results.

Environmental Laws and Regulations

MidAmerican Energy is subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations regarding air and water quality, emissions performance standards, climate change, coal combustion byproduct disposal, hazardous and solid waste disposal, protected species and other environmental matters that have the potential to impact its current and future operations. MidAmerican Energy believes it is in material compliance with all applicable laws and regulations.

(9) Segment Information

MidAmerican Energy has identified three reportable segments: regulated electric, regulated gas and nonregulated energy. The regulated electric segment derives most of its revenue from regulated retail sales of electricity to residential, commercial, and industrial customers and from wholesale sales. The regulated gas segment derives most of its revenue from regulated retail sales of natural gas to residential, commercial, and industrial customers and also obtains revenue by transporting gas owned by others through its distribution system. Pricing for regulated electric and regulated gas sales are established separately by regulatory agencies; therefore, management also reviews each segment separately to make decisions regarding allocation of resources and in evaluating performance. The nonregulated energy segment derives most of its revenue from nonregulated retail electric and gas activities. Common operating costs, interest income, interest expense and income tax expense are allocated to each segment based on certain factors, which primarily relate to the nature of the cost.

The following tables provide information on a reportable segment basis (in millions):

	Three-Month Periods Ended June 30,					Six-Mont Ended	
	2	2015 2014		2015		2014	
Operating revenue:							
Regulated electric	\$	461	\$	426	\$	887	\$ 876
Regulated gas		110		136		405	647
Nonregulated energy		222		207		447	471
Total operating revenue	\$	793	\$	769	\$	1,739	\$ 1,994
Depreciation and amortization:							
Regulated electric	\$	89	\$	76	\$	179	\$ 151
Regulated gas		10		9		20	19
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	99	\$	85	\$	199	\$ 170
Operating income:							
Regulated electric	\$	108	\$	48	\$	161	\$ 131
Regulated gas		4		(3)		51	55
Nonregulated energy		10		6		16	18
Total operating income	\$	122	\$	51	\$	228	\$ 204

		As	of	
	J	une 30, 2015	Dec	ember 31, 2014
Total assets:				
Regulated electric	\$	12,220	\$	11,859
Regulated gas		1,165		1,231
Nonregulated energy		174		167
Total assets	\$	13,559	\$	13,257

(10) Transfer of Nonregulated Energy Operations

In the second quarter of 2015, MidAmerican Energy filed with the Iowa Utilities Board and Illinois Commerce Commission for approval to transfer the operations, assets and liabilities of its unregulated retail services business to a subsidiary of BHE. The transfer, which would include substantially all of the net assets of MidAmerican Energy's nonregulated energy reportable segment, would be made at MidAmerican Energy's carrying value of the assets and liabilities, resulting in no gain or loss. The transaction would be accounted for as a dividend and is expected to occur in the first quarter of 2016.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Managers and Member of MidAmerican Funding, LLC Des Moines, Iowa

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of MidAmerican Funding, LLC and subsidiaries (the "Company") as of June 30, 2015, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income for the three-month and sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, and of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. These interim financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management.

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). A review of interim financial information consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters. It is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the objective of which is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial statements taken as a whole. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

Based on our reviews, we are not aware of any material modifications that should be made to such consolidated interim financial statements for them to be in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet and consolidated statement of capitalization (not presented herein) of MidAmerican Funding, LLC and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended (not presented herein); and in our report dated February 27, 2015, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2014 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated balance sheet from which it has been derived.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Des Moines, Iowa August 7, 2015

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

		As	s of			
	J	une 30, 2015	Dece	ember 31, 2014		
ASSETS						
Utility plant, net:	Φ.	10.701		10.10		
Electric	\$	13,534	\$	13,426		
Gas		1,462		1,432		
Gross utility plant in service		14,996		14,858		
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(5,042)		(4,954)		
Utility plant in service, net		9,954		9,904		
Construction work in progress		893		606		
Total utility plant, net		10,847		10,510		
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents		303		30		
Receivables, net		395		437		
Income taxes receivable		_		303		
Inventories		181		185		
Other		81		87		
Total current assets		960		1,042		
Other assets:						
Goodwill		1,270		1,270		
Regulatory assets		959		908		
Investments and nonregulated property, net		656		651		
Other		153		163		
Total other assets	-	3,038	-	2,992		
Total assets	\$	14,845	\$	14,544		
CAPITALIZATION AND LIABILITIES	÷	,		, <u>,-</u>		
Capitalization:						
MidAmerican Funding member's equity	\$	5,298	\$	5,073		
Long-term debt, excluding current portion		3,959		3,955		
Total capitalization		9,257		9,028		
Current liabilities:				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		
Short-term debt		_		50		
Current portion of long-term debt		431		426		
Note payable to affiliate		130		136		
Accounts payable		373		392		
Taxes accrued		136		128		
Interest accrued		48		48		
Other		161		131		
Total current liabilities		1,279		1,311		
Other liabilities:	<u> </u>	1,277		1,511		
Deferred income taxes		2,733		2,657		
Asset retirement obligations		457		432		
Regulatory liabilities		836		837		
Other		283		279		
Total other liabilities		4,309		4,205		
	Ф.		Φ.			
Total capitalization and liabilities	\$	14,845	\$	14,544		

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	Tl		nth Perio June 30,	Six-Month Periods Ended June 30,				
	2	015	201	4		2015		2014
Operating revenue:								
Regulated electric	\$	461	\$	426	\$	887	\$	876
Regulated gas		110		136		405		647
Nonregulated		226		213		456		482
Total operating revenue		797	-	775		1,748	_	2,005
Operating costs and expenses:								
Regulated:								
Cost of fuel, energy and capacity		104		120		226		266
Cost of gas sold		55		83		256		492
Other operating expenses		119		123		236		232
Maintenance		51		77		100		121
Depreciation and amortization		99		85		199		170
Property and other taxes		30		29		63		61
Total regulated operating costs and expenses		458		517		1,080		1,342
Nonregulated:								
Cost of sales		207		194		423		435
Other		10		13		16		24
Total nonregulated operating costs and expenses		217		207		439		459
Total operating costs and expenses		675		724		1,519		1,801
Operating income		122		51		229		204
Non-operating income:								
Interest income		1		1		1		1
Allowance for equity funds		6		10		11		19
Other, net		1		4		18		9
Total non-operating income		8		15		30		29
Fixed charges:								
Interest on long-term debt		49		50		99		96
Other interest expense		1		1		1		1
Allowance for borrowed funds		(2)		(4)		(4)		(8)
Total fixed charges		48		47		96		89
Income before income tax benefit		82		19		163		144
Income tax benefit		(47)		(11)		(65)		(41)
Net income	\$	129	\$	30	\$	228	\$	185

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	Three-Month Periods Ended June 30,					Six-Mont Ended J		
	2015 2014		2015			2014		
Net income	\$	129	\$	30	\$	228	\$	185
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:								
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities, net of tax of \$-, \$-, \$- and \$1		1		_		1		1
Unrealized (losses) gains on cash flow hedges, net of tax of \$(3), \$6, \$(1) and \$16		(6)		9		(4)		23
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax		(5)		9		(3)		24
Comprehensive income	\$	124	\$	39	\$	225	\$	209

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

	_	aid-in apital	 etained arnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income, Net	 Total Equity
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$	1,679	\$ 3,009	\$ (11)	\$ 4,677
Net income		_	185	_	185
Other comprehensive income		_	_	24	24
Other equity transactions		_	(1)	_	(1)
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$	1,679	\$ 3,193	\$ 13	\$ 4,885
Balance, December 31, 2014	\$	1,679	\$ 3,417	\$ (23)	\$ 5,073
Net income			228	_	228
Other comprehensive loss			 	(3)	(3)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$	1,679	\$ 3,645	\$ (26)	\$ 5,298

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

(Amounts in millions)

		Periods une 30,		
		2015	2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$	228	\$ 185	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		199	170	
Deferred income taxes and amortization of investment tax credits		4	16	
Changes in other assets and liabilities		24	22	
Other, net		(9)	(27)	
Changes in other operating assets and liabilities:				
Receivables, net		42	(1)	
Inventories		4	50	
Derivative collateral, net		35	(47)	
Pension and other postretirement benefit plans		(4)	(1)	
Accounts payable		(103)	(22)	
Taxes accrued, net		310	33	
Other current assets and liabilities		16	18	
Net cash flows from operating activities		746	396	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Utility construction expenditures		(428)	(432)	
Purchases of available-for-sale securities		(61)	(47)	
Proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities		56	44	
Proceeds from sales of investments		13	_	
Other, net		3	6	
Net cash flows from investing activities		(417)	(429)	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from long-term debt			847	
Repayment of long-term debt		_	(356)	
Net change in note payable to affiliate		(6)	2	
Net repayments of short-term debt		(50)		
Other, net		_	(7)	
Net cash flows from financing activities		(56)	486	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		273	453	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		30	194	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	303	\$ 647	

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

(1) General

MidAmerican Funding, LLC ("MidAmerican Funding") is an Iowa limited liability company with Berkshire Hathaway Energy Company ("BHE") as its sole member. BHE is a consolidated subsidiary of Berkshire Hathaway Inc. ("Berkshire Hathaway"). MidAmerican Funding's direct, wholly owned subsidiary is MHC Inc. ("MHC"), which constitutes substantially all of MidAmerican Funding's assets, liabilities and business activities except those related to MidAmerican Funding's long-term debt securities. MHC conducts no business other than the ownership of its subsidiaries and related corporate services. MHC's principal subsidiary is MidAmerican Energy Company ("MidAmerican Energy"), a public utility with electric and natural gas operations. Direct, wholly owned nonregulated subsidiaries of MHC are Midwest Capital Group, Inc. and MEC Construction Services Co.

The unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and regulations for Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the disclosures required by GAAP for annual financial statements. Management believes the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements contain all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for the fair presentation of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements as of June 30, 2015, and for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. The results of operations for the three- and six-month periods ended June 30, 2015, are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year.

The preparation of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results may differ from the estimates used in preparing the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in MidAmerican Funding's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, describes the most significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements. There have been no significant changes in MidAmerican Funding's assumptions regarding significant accounting estimates and policies during the six-month period ended June 30, 2015.

Refer to Note 1 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(2) New Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 2 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(3) Components of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss), Net

Refer to Note 3 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(4) Income Taxes

A reconciliation of the federal statutory income tax rate to MidAmerican Funding's effective income tax rate applicable to income before income tax benefit is as follows:

	Three-Month Ended Ju		Six-Month Periods Ended June 30,			
	2015	2014	2015	2014		
Federal statutory income tax rate	35 %	35 %	35 %	35 %		
Income tax credits	(70)	(79)	(60)	(58)		
State income tax, net of federal income tax benefit	(9)	(5)	(3)	1		
Effects of ratemaking	(13)	(10)	(11)	(5)		
Other, net	_	1	(1)	(1)		
Effective income tax rate	(57)%	(58)%	(40)%	(28)%		

Income tax credits relate primarily to production tax credits from MidAmerican Energy's wind-powered generating facilities. Federal renewable electricity production tax credits are earned as energy from qualifying wind-powered generating facilities is produced and sold and are based on a per-kilowatt hour rate pursuant to the applicable federal income tax law. Wind-powered generating facilities are eligible for the credits for 10 years from the date the qualifying generating facilities are placed in service.

Berkshire Hathaway includes BHE and subsidiaries in its United States federal income tax return. Consistent with established regulatory practice, MidAmerican Funding's and MidAmerican Energy's provisions for income taxes have been computed on a stand-alone basis, and substantially all of their currently payable or receivable income taxes are remitted to or received from BHE. MidAmerican Funding received net cash payments for income taxes from BHE totaling \$374 million and \$87 million for the sixmonth periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

(5) Employee Benefit Plans

Refer to Note 5 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(6) Risk Management and Hedging Activities

Refer to Note 6 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(7) Fair Value Measurements

Refer to Note 7 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

MidAmerican Funding's long-term debt is carried at cost on the Consolidated Financial Statements. The fair value of MidAmerican Funding's long-term debt is a Level 2 fair value measurement and has been estimated based upon quoted market prices, where available, or at the present value of future cash flows discounted at rates consistent with comparable maturities with similar credit risks. The carrying value of MidAmerican Funding's variable-rate long-term debt approximates fair value because of the frequent repricing of these instruments at market rates. The following table presents the carrying value and estimated fair value of MidAmerican Funding's long-term debt (in millions):

	As of June 30, 2015					As of December 31, 2014			
	As of June Carrying Value \$ 4,390		Fair Value		_	Carrying Value		Fair Value	
Long-term debt	\$	4,390	\$	4,886	\$	4,381	\$	5,012	

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

MidAmerican Funding is party to a variety of legal actions arising out of the normal course of business. Plaintiffs occasionally seek punitive or exemplary damages. MidAmerican Funding does not believe that such normal and routine litigation will have a material impact on its consolidated financial results.

Refer to Note 8 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

(9) Segment Information

MidAmerican Funding has identified three reportable segments: regulated electric, regulated gas and nonregulated energy. The regulated electric segment derives most of its revenue from regulated retail sales of electricity to residential, commercial, and industrial customers and from wholesale sales. The regulated gas segment derives most of its revenue from regulated retail sales of natural gas to residential, commercial, and industrial customers and also obtains revenue by transporting gas owned by others through its distribution system. Pricing for regulated electric and regulated gas sales are established separately by regulatory agencies; therefore, management also reviews each segment separately to make decisions regarding allocation of resources and in evaluating performance. The nonregulated energy segment derives most of its revenue from nonregulated retail electric and gas activities. Common operating costs, interest income, interest expense and income tax expense are allocated to each segment based on certain factors, which primarily relate to the nature of the cost. "Other" in the tables below consists of the nonregulated subsidiaries of MidAmerican Funding not engaged in the energy business and parent company interest expense.

The following tables provide information on a reportable segment basis (in millions):

	T	hree-Moi Ended			Six-Month Periods Ended June 30,			
	2015			2014		2015		2014
Operating revenue:								
Regulated electric	\$	461	\$	426	\$	887	\$	876
Regulated gas		110		136		405		647
Nonregulated energy		222		207		447		471
Other		4		6		9		11
Total operating revenue	\$	797	\$	775	\$	1,748	\$	2,005
Depreciation and amortization:								
Regulated electric	\$	89	\$	76	\$	179	\$	151
Regulated gas		10		9		20		19
Total depreciation and amortization	\$	99	\$	85	\$	199	\$	170
Operating income:								
Regulated electric	\$	108	\$	48	\$	161	\$	131
Regulated gas		4		(3)		51		55
Nonregulated energy		10		6		16		18
Other		_		_		1		_
Total operating income	\$	122	\$	51	\$	229	\$	204

	As of				
	J	June 30, 2015	De	cember 31, 2014	
Total assets ⁽¹⁾ :					
Regulated electric	\$	13,411	\$	13,050	
Regulated gas		1,244		1,310	
Nonregulated energy		174		167	
Other		16		17	
Total assets	\$	14,845	\$	14,544	

⁽¹⁾ Total assets by reportable segment reflect the assignment of goodwill to applicable reporting units.

(10) Transfer of Nonregulated Energy Operations

Refer to Note 10 of MidAmerican Energy's Notes to Financial Statements.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

MidAmerican Funding is an Iowa limited liability company whose sole member is BHE. MidAmerican Funding owns all of the outstanding common stock of MHC Inc., which owns all of the common stock of MidAmerican Energy, Midwest Capital Group, Inc. and MEC Construction Services Co. MidAmerican Energy is a public utility company headquartered in Des Moines, Iowa. MHC Inc., MidAmerican Funding and BHE are also headquartered in Des Moines, Iowa.

The following is management's discussion and analysis of certain significant factors that have affected the consolidated financial condition and results of operations of MidAmerican Funding and its subsidiaries and MidAmerican Energy as presented in this joint filing. Information in Management's Discussion and Analysis related to MidAmerican Energy, whether or not segregated, also relates to MidAmerican Funding. Information related to other subsidiaries of MidAmerican Funding pertains only to the discussion of the financial condition and results of operations of MidAmerican Funding. Where necessary, discussions have been segregated under the heading "MidAmerican Funding" to allow the reader to identify information applicable only to MidAmerican Funding. Explanations include management's best estimate of the impact of weather, customer growth and other factors. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the historical unaudited Financial Statements and Notes to Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q. MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's actual results in the future could differ significantly from the historical results.

Results of Operations for the Second Quarter and First Six Months of 2015 and 2014

Overview

MidAmerican Energy -

MidAmerican Energy's net income for the second quarter of 2015 was \$131 million, an increase of \$99 million compared to 2014 due to higher regulated electric margins of \$51 million, substantially from changes in electric retail rates and rate structure and lower energy costs, higher recognized production tax credits of \$43 million and other income tax benefits, lower fossil-fueled generation maintenance of \$21 million due to planned outages in 2014 and a one-time refund of \$8 million to customers in 2014 of insurance recoveries related to environmental matters, partially offset by higher depreciation and amortization of \$14 million due to wind-powered generation and other plant placed in service, lower AFUDC of \$6 million and higher income taxes on greater pre-tax income.

MidAmerican Energy's net income for the first six months of 2015 was \$225 million, an increase of \$36 million, or 19%, compared to 2014 due to higher regulated electric margins of \$51 million from changes in electric retail rates and rate structure, lower energy costs and higher transmission revenue related to MidAmerican Energy's Multi-Value Projects ("MVPs"), lower fossil-fueled generation maintenance of \$21 million due to planned outages in 2014, higher recognized production tax credits of \$16 million and a one-time refund of \$8 million to customers in 2014 of insurance recoveries related to environmental matters, partially offset by higher depreciation and amortization of \$29 million due to wind-powered generation and other plant placed in-service, lower AFUDC of \$12 million and lower natural gas margins of \$6 million primarily from colder than normal winter temperatures in 2014.

MidAmerican Funding -

MidAmerican Funding's net income for the second quarter of 2015 was \$129 million, an increase of \$99 million compared to 2014 and, for the first six months of 2015, was \$228 million, an increase of \$43 million, or 23%, compared to 2014. In addition to the changes in MidAmerican Energy's earnings discussed above, MidAmerican Funding recognized an \$8 million after-tax gain on the sale of an investment in a generating facility lease in the first quarter of 2015.

Regulated Electric Gross Margin

A comparison of key operating results related to regulated electric gross margin is as follows:

		Se	econd (Quarter		First Six Months							
	2015	7	2014	Cha	nge	2015	2014	Cha	nge				
Gross margin (in millions):													
Operating revenue	\$ 461	\$	426	\$ 35	8 %	\$ 887	\$ 876	\$ 11	1 %				
Cost of fuel, energy and capacity	104		120	(16)	(13)	226	266	(40)	(15)				
Gross margin	\$ 357	\$	306	\$ 51	17	\$ 661	\$ 610	\$ 51	8				
Electricity Sales (GWh):													
Residential	1,223		1,393	(170)	(12)%	2,966	3,260	(294)	(9)%				
Small general service	872		1,025	(153)	(15)	1,868	2,117	(249)	(12)				
Large general service	2,981		2,755	226	8	5,673	5,170	503	10				
Other	382		405	(23)	(6)	782	818	(36)	(4)				
Total retail	5,458		5,578	(120)	(2)	11,289	11,365	(76)	(1)				
Wholesale	2,171		1,513	658	43	5,021	4,375	646	15				
Total sales	7,629		7,091	538	8	16,310	15,740	570	4				
Average number of retail customers (in													
thousands)	751		744	7	1 %	751	744	7	1 %				
Average revenue per MWh:													
Retail	\$ 73.59		67.39	\$ 6.20	9 %	\$ 67.22	\$ 65.12	\$ 2.10	3 %				
Wholesale	\$ 20.87	\$	27.08	\$ (6.21)	(23)%	\$ 20.08	\$ 26.73	\$ (6.65)	(25)%				
Heating degree days	468		605	(137)	(23)%	3,797	4,420	(623)	(14)%				
Cooling degree days	292		343	(51)	(15)%	294	343	(49)	(14)%				
Sources of energy (GWh) ⁽¹⁾ :													
Coal	3,815		3,550	265	7 %	8,377	8,297	80	1 %				
Nuclear	988		806	182	23	1,864	1,798	66	4				
Natural gas	5		49	(44)	(90)	_	68	(68)	(100)				
Wind and other ⁽²⁾	2,184		1,965	219	11	4,825	4,306	519	12				
Total energy generated	6,992		6,370	622	10	15,066	14,469	597	4				
Energy purchased	744		784	(40)	(5)	1,437	1,598	(161)	(10)				
Total	7,736		7,154	582	8	16,503	16,067	436	3				

⁽¹⁾ GWh amounts are net of energy used by the related generating facilities.

⁽²⁾ All or some of the renewable energy attributes associated with generation from these generating facilities may be: (a) used in future years to comply with renewable portfolio standards or other regulatory requirements or (b) sold to third parties in the form of renewable energy credits or other environmental commodities.

Electric gross margin for the second quarter of 2015 increased \$51 million compared to 2014 due to a higher retail gross margin of \$37 million, a higher wholesale gross margin of \$9 million and higher MVP transmission revenue of \$5 million, which is expected to increase as the projects are constructed over the next two years. Retail gross margin increased due to \$36 million from higher electric retail rates, \$10 million from lower retail energy costs due to a lower average cost of fuel for generation and lower purchased power costs, and \$6 million from higher recoveries through adjustment clauses, including DSM, partially offset by \$8 million from lower sales volumes for weather-sensitive customers due to milder temperatures in 2015 and \$7 million primarily from other retail usage factors, net of strong industrial sales growth. In addition to increases in electric retail base rates, the increase in electric retail rates reflects changes in Iowa rate structure related to seasonal pricing that were effective with the implementation of final Iowa base rates in August 2014, which result in a greater differential between higher rates from June to September and lower rates in the remaining months. The increases in retail base rates include higher rates of \$45 million annually, effective January 2015, for the second step of the 2014 Iowa rate increase and \$16 million annually in Illinois, effective December 2014. Wholesale gross margin increased primarily due to a higher average margin per megawatt hour sold. Wholesale includes sales of electricity principally to markets operated by regional transmission organizations.

Electric gross margin for the first six months of 2015 increased \$51 million compared to 2014 due to a higher retail gross margin of \$36 million, a higher wholesale gross margin of \$5 million and higher MVP transmission revenue of \$10 million, which is expected to increase as the projects are constructed over the next two years. Retail gross margin increased due to \$21 million from higher recoveries through adjustment clauses, including DSM, \$19 million from higher electric retail rates and \$16 million primarily from a lower average cost of fuel for retail generation, partially offset by \$16 million from lower sales volumes for weather-sensitive customers due to milder temperatures in 2015 and \$4 million from other items such as steam sales. The increase in electric retail rates reflects the increases in Iowa and Illinois base rates discussed above, partially offset by changes in Iowa rate structure related to seasonal pricing. Wholesale gross margin increased primarily due to a higher average margin per megawatt hour sold.

Regulated Gas Gross Margin

A comparison of key operating results related to regulated gas gross margin is as follows:

	Second Quarter						First Six Months							
	2	2015	2	2014		Chai	nge		2015		2014	Chai	nge	
Gross margin (in millions):														
Operating revenue	\$	110	\$	136	\$	(26)	(19) %	\$	405	\$	647	\$ (242)	(37) %	
Cost of gas sold		55		83		(28)	(34)		256		492	(236)	(48)	
Gross margin	\$	55	\$	53	\$	2	4	\$	149	\$	155	\$ (6)	(4)	
Natural gas throughput (000's Dth):														
Residential		5,617		6,724	(1	1,107)	(16) %		30,648		36,041	(5,393)	(15) %	
Small general service		2,962		3,454		(492)	(14)		15,070		17,543	(2,473)	(14)	
Large general service		1,048		1,178		(130)	(11)		2,591		2,783	(192)	(7)	
Other		5		8		(3)	(38)		27		35	(8)	(23)	
Total retail sales		9,632	1	11,364	(1	1,732)	(15)		48,336		56,402	(8,066)	(14)	
Wholesale sales		7,366		4,972	2	2,394	48		19,683		12,873	6,810	53	
Total sales	1	6,998	1	16,336		662	4	(68,019	-	69,275	(1,256)	(2)	
Gas transportation service	1	7,779]	18,889	(1	1,110)	(6)	4	41,748	4	44,672	(2,924)	(7)	
Total gas throughput	3	34,777	3	35,225		(448)	(1)	10	09,767	1	13,947	(4,180)	(4)	
Average number of retail customers (in thousands)		729		722		7	1 %		731		724	7	1 %	
Average revenue per retail Dth sold	\$	8.68	\$	9.37	\$	(0.69)	(7) %	\$	6.81	\$	9.66	\$ (2.85)	(30) %	
Average cost of natural gas per retail Dth sold	\$	3.72	\$	5.35	\$	(1.63)	(30) %	\$	4.09	\$	7.24	\$ (3.15)	(44) %	
						` ,	,					. , ,		
Combined retail and wholesale average cost of natural gas per Dth sold	\$	3.25	\$	5.11	\$	(1.86)	(36) %	\$	3.76	\$	7.11	\$ (3.35)	(47) %	
							,							
Heating degree days		503		647		(144)	(22) %		3,951		4,601	(650)	(14) %	

Regulated gas revenue includes purchased gas adjustment clauses through which MidAmerican Energy is allowed to recover the cost of gas sold from its retail gas utility customers. Consequently, fluctuations in the cost of gas sold do not directly affect gross margin or net income because regulated gas revenue reflects comparable fluctuations through the purchased gas adjustment clauses.

Regulated gas gross margin for the second quarter of 2015 increased \$2 million compared to 2014 due to a higher average margin on sales and higher recoveries of DSM program costs, partially offset by lower retail sales volumes from warmer temperatures in 2015. For the second quarter of 2015, MidAmerican Energy's combined retail and wholesale average per-unit cost of gas sold decreased 36%, resulting in a decrease of \$34 million in gas revenue and cost of gas sold compared to 2014, which was partially offset by the increase in total sales volumes compared to 2014.

Regulated gas gross margin for the first six months of 2015 decreased \$6 million compared to 2014 due to lower retail sales volumes in 2015 primarily as a result of colder than normal winter temperatures in 2014, partially offset by a higher average margin on sales and higher recoveries of DSM program costs. For the first six months of 2015, MidAmerican Energy's combined retail and wholesale average per-unit cost of gas sold decreased 47%, resulting in a decrease of \$228 million in gas revenue and cost of gas sold compared to 2014. Additionally, the decrease in total sales volumes compared to 2014 decreased revenue and cost of gas sold for the first six months of 2014.

Regulated Operating Costs and Expenses

Other operating expenses for the second quarter of 2015 decreased \$4 million compared to 2014 due to a one-time refund of \$8 million to MidAmerican Energy's customers in June 2014 for insurance recoveries related to environmental matters, partially offset by \$4 million of higher DSM program costs, which are matched by increases in regulated electric and gas revenue.

Other operating expenses for the first six months of 2015 increased \$4 million compared to 2014 due to \$14 million of higher DSM program costs, which are matched by increases in regulated electric and gas revenue, and \$3 million of higher transmission operations costs, partially offset by a one-time refund of \$8 million to MidAmerican Energy's customers in June 2014 for insurance recoveries related to environmental matters and a decrease in deferred compensation, pension and postretirement costs.

Maintenance expense decreased \$26 million for the second quarter of 2015 and \$21 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014 due to \$21 million of lower fossil-fueled generation maintenance primarily from planned major outages in 2014 at Walter Scott, Jr. Energy Center Unit 4 and George Neal Energy Center Unit 3 and \$5 million of lower electric distribution maintenance due in part to emergency storm restoration in 2014. For the first six months of 2015, the decreases were partially offset by higher wind-powered generating facility maintenance costs.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$14 million for the second quarter of 2015 and \$29 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014 due to utility plant additions, including 511 MW (nominal ratings) of wind-powered generating facilities placed in-service in the fourth quarter of 2014.

Nonregulated Gross Margin

MidAmerican Energy -

			S	econd (Qua	rter			First Six Months							
		2015	5 2014			Change			2015	- 2	2014		Chan	ge		
Gross margin (in millions):																
Nonregulated operating revenue	\$	222	\$	207	\$	15	7 %	\$	447	\$	471	\$	(24)	(5)%		
Nonregulated cost of sales		204		194		10	5		416		435		(19)	(4)		
Nonregulated gross margin	\$	18	\$	13	\$	5	38	\$	31	\$	36	\$	(5)	(14)		
													_			
Nonregulated electric sales (GWh)		2,691		2,352		339	14 %		5,165		4,586		579	13 %		
													_			
Nonregulated gas sales (000's Dth)		6,422		6,864		(442)	(6)%	1	6,694		18,254	_(1,560)	(9)%		
	_															

For the second quarter of 2015 compared to 2014, nonregulated operating revenue and cost of sales increased due to higher nonregulated electric volumes, prices and per-unit costs, partially offset by lower prices, per-unit costs and volumes for nonregulated gas activities. Nonregulated gross margin increased due to higher average margins per unit sold on higher nonregulated electric sales.

For the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014, nonregulated operating revenue and cost of sales decreased due to lower prices and per-unit costs on lower gas volumes, partially offset by an increase in nonregulated electric volumes, prices and per-unit costs. Nonregulated gross margin decreased due to lower average margins per unit sold on nonregulated gas sales, lower nonregulated gas sales and lower income from the portion of margins on regulated gas wholesale sales that is retained by MidAmerican Energy, partially offset by higher nonregulated electric sales and average margins per unit sold.

Non-Operating Income

MidAmerican Energy -

Allowance for equity funds decreased \$4 million for the second quarter of 2015 and \$8 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to lower construction work-in-progress balances related to the installation of emissions control equipment at a number of MidAmerican Energy's jointly owned generating facilities. MidAmerican Energy's other, net decreased \$3 million for the second quarter of 2015 and \$1 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to fluctuations in returns from corporate-owned life insurance policies.

MidAmerican Funding -

In addition to the fluctuations discussed for MidAmerican Energy, MidAmerican Funding's other, net for the first six months of 2015 reflects a \$13 million pre-tax gain on the sale of an investment in a generating facility lease in 2015.

Fixed Charges

MidAmerican Energy -

Interest on long-term debt decreased \$1 million for the second quarter of 2015 and increased \$3 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014 due to higher interest expense from the issuance of first mortgage bonds totaling \$850 million in April 2014, partially offset by a decrease in interest expense from the redemption of \$350 million of 4.65% senior notes in May 2014.

Allowance for borrowed funds decreased \$2 million for the second quarter of 2015 and \$4 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014 primarily due to lower construction work-in-progress balances related to the installation of emissions control equipment at a number of MidAmerican Energy's jointly owned generating facilities.

Income Tax Benefit

MidAmerican Energy -

MidAmerican Energy's income tax benefit increased \$36 million for the second quarter of 2015 compared to 2014, and the effective tax rates were (52)% for 2015 and (39)% for 2014. The increase in income tax benefit for the second quarter of 2015 was due to an increase in recognized production tax credits and the effects of ratemaking, partially offset by the impact of a higher pre-tax income.

MidAmerican Energy's income tax benefit increased \$28 million for the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014, and the effective tax rates were (42)% for 2015 and (25)% for 2014. The increase in income tax benefit for the first six months of 2015 was due to an increase in recognized production tax credits and the effects of ratemaking, partially offset by the impact of a higher pre-tax income.

Production tax credits are recognized in earnings for interim periods based on the application of an estimated annual effective tax rate to pretax earnings. Federal renewable electricity production tax credits are earned as energy from qualifying wind-powered generating facilities is produced and sold and are based on a per-kilowatt hour rate pursuant to the applicable federal income tax law. Production tax credits recognized in the second quarter of 2015 were \$57 million, or \$43 million higher than the second quarter of 2014, while production tax credits earned in the second quarter of 2015 were \$48 million, or \$3 million higher than the second quarter of 2014 primarily due to wind-powered generation placed in service in late 2014. Production tax credits recognized in the first six months of 2015 were \$98 million, or \$16 million higher than the first six months of 2014, while production tax credits earned in the first six months of 2015 were \$107 million, or \$7 million higher than the first six months of 2014 primarily due to wind-powered generation placed in service in late 2014. The difference between production tax credits recognized and earned of \$9 million as of June 30, 2015 will be recorded in earnings over the remainder of 2015.

MidAmerican Funding -

MidAmerican Funding's income tax benefit increased \$36 million for the second quarter of 2015, and the effective tax rates were (57)% for 2015 and (58)% for 2014. The change in the income tax benefit was principally due to the factors discussed for MidAmerican Energy.

MidAmerican Funding's income tax benefit increased \$24 million for the first six months of 2015, and the effective tax rates were (40)% for 2015 and (28)% for 2014. The change in the income tax benefit was principally due to the factors discussed for MidAmerican Energy, partially offset by income tax expense related to the gain on the sale of an investment in a generating facility lease in 2015.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2015, MidAmerican Energy's total net liquidity was \$712 million consisting of \$302 million of cash and cash equivalents and \$605 million of credit facilities reduced by \$195 million of the credit facilities reserved to support MidAmerican Energy's variable-rate tax-exempt bond obligations. As of June 30, 2015, MidAmerican Funding's total net liquidity was \$717 million, including \$1 million of additional cash and cash equivalents and MHC Inc.'s \$4 million credit facility.

Operating Activities

MidAmerican Energy's net cash flows from operating activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were \$753 million and \$400 million, respectively. MidAmerican Funding's net cash flows from operating activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were \$746 million and \$396 million, respectively. The changes in net cash flows were predominantly due to the timing of MidAmerican Energy's income tax cash flows with BHE, which totaled net cash receipts from BHE of \$373 million and \$86 million for the first six months of 2015 and 2014, respectively. Income tax cash flows for 2015 reflect the receipt of \$255 million of income tax benefits generated in 2014. The timing of MidAmerican Energy's income tax cash flows from period to period can be significantly affected by the estimated federal income tax payment methods and assumptions for each payment date. Additionally, cash flows from operations for the first six months of 2015 increased from higher gross margins for the regulated electric business and lower collateral requirements related to derivative positions, partially offset by the net impact of payables and receivables, largely attributable to the fluctuation in the cost of natural gas.

In December 2014, the Tax Increase Prevention Act of 2014 (the "Act") was signed into law, extending the 50% bonus depreciation for qualifying property purchased and placed in-service before January 1, 2015 and before January 1, 2016 for certain longer-lived assets. Production tax credits were extended for wind power and other forms of non-solar renewable energy projects that begin construction before the end of 2014. As a result of the Act, MidAmerican Energy's cash flows from operations have benefited in 2015 due to bonus depreciation on qualifying assets placed in-service and for production tax credits earned on qualifying projects.

Investing Activities

MidAmerican Energy's net cash flows from investing activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were \$(430) million and \$(431) million, respectively. MidAmerican Funding's net cash flows from investing activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were \$(417) million and \$(429) million, respectively. Net cash flows from investing activities consist almost entirely of utility construction expenditures, which were relatively unchanged for the first six months of 2015 compared to 2014. Purchases and proceeds related to available-for-sale securities primarily consist of activity within the Quad Cities Generating Station nuclear decommissioning trust. MidAmerican Funding received \$13 million in 2015 related to the sale of an investment in a generating facility lease.

Financing Activities

MidAmerican Energy's net cash flows from financing activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were \$(50) million and \$484 million, respectively. MidAmerican Funding's net cash flows from financing activities for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, were \$(56) million and \$486 million, respectively. In 2015, MidAmerican Energy made repayments totaling \$50 million through its commercial paper program. In April 2014, MidAmerican Energy issued \$150 million of 2.40% First Mortgage Bonds due March 2019, \$300 million of 3.50% First Mortgage Bonds due October 2024 and \$400 million of 4.40% First Mortgage Bonds due October 2044. The net proceeds were used for the optional redemption in May 2014 of \$350 million of MidAmerican Energy's 4.65% Senior Notes due October 2014 and for general corporate purposes. MidAmerican Funding paid \$6 million in 2015 and received \$2 million in 2014 through its note payable with BHE.

Debt Authorizations and Related Matters

MidAmerican Energy has authority from the FERC to issue through June 30, 2016, commercial paper and bank notes aggregating \$605 million at interest rates not to exceed the applicable London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus a spread of up to 400 basis points. MidAmerican Energy has a \$600 million unsecured credit facility expiring in March 2018. MidAmerican Energy may request that the banks extend the credit facility up to two years. The credit facility, which supports MidAmerican Energy's commercial paper program and its variable-rate tax-exempt bond obligations and provides for the issuance of letters of credit, has a variable interest rate based on LIBOR or a base rate, at MidAmerican Energy's option, plus a spread that varies based on MidAmerican Energy's credit ratings for senior unsecured long-term debt securities. Additionally, MidAmerican Energy has a \$5 million unsecured credit facility for general corporate purposes.

MidAmerican Energy currently has an effective registration statement with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission to issue up to \$800 million of long-term debt securities through November 12, 2016. Additionally, MidAmerican Energy has authorization from the FERC to issue through March 31, 2017, long-term securities totaling up to \$1.70 billion at interest rates not to exceed the applicable United States Treasury rate plus a spread of 175 basis points. MidAmerican Energy has authorizations from the Illinois Commerce Commission to issue up to an aggregate of \$800 million of additional long-term debt securities, of which \$50 million expires December 19, 2015, and \$750 million expires December 9, 2016.

In conjunction with the March 1999 merger, MidAmerican Energy committed to the IUB to use commercially reasonable efforts to maintain an investment grade rating on its long-term debt and to maintain its common equity level above 42% of total capitalization unless circumstances beyond its control result in the common equity level decreasing to below 39% of total capitalization. MidAmerican Energy must seek the approval of the IUB of a reasonable utility capital structure if MidAmerican Energy's common equity level decreases below 42% of total capitalization, unless the decrease is beyond the control of MidAmerican Energy. MidAmerican Energy is also required to seek the approval of the IUB if MidAmerican Energy's equity level decreases to below 39%, even if the decrease is due to circumstances beyond the control of MidAmerican Energy. If MidAmerican Energy's common equity level were to drop below the required thresholds, MidAmerican Energy's ability to issue debt could be restricted. As of June 30, 2015, MidAmerican Energy's common equity ratio was 52% computed on a basis consistent with its commitment.

Future Uses of Cash

MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding have available a variety of sources of liquidity and capital resources, both internal and external, including net cash flows from operating activities, public and private debt offerings, the issuance of commercial paper, the use of unsecured revolving credit facilities, and other sources. These sources are expected to provide funds required for current operations, capital expenditures, debt retirements and other capital requirements. The availability and terms under which MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding have access to external financing depends on a variety of factors, including their credit ratings, investors' judgment of risk and conditions in the overall capital markets, including the condition of the utility industry.

Utility Construction Expenditures

MidAmerican Energy's primary need for capital is utility construction expenditures. Capital expenditure needs are reviewed regularly by management and may change significantly as a result of these reviews, which may consider, among other factors, changes in environmental and other rules and regulations; impacts to customers' rates; outcomes of regulatory proceedings; changes in income tax laws; general business conditions; load projections; system reliability standards; the cost and efficiency of construction labor, equipment and materials; commodity prices; and the cost and availability of capital. Prudently incurred expenditures for compliance-related items such as pollution-control technologies, replacement generation, nuclear decommissioning and associated operating costs are generally incorporated into MidAmerican Energy's regulated retail rates.

MidAmerican Energy's forecast utility construction expenditures, which exclude amounts for non-cash equity AFUDC and other non-cash items, are approximately \$1.5 billion for 2015 and include:

- \$791 million for the construction of 657 MW (nominal ratings) of wind-powered generating facilities expected to be placed in service in 2015, including 162 MW (nominal ratings) approved by the IUB in February 2015.
- \$166 million for transmission MVP investments. MidAmerican Energy has approval from the Midcontinent Independent System Operator, Inc. for the construction of four MVPs located in Iowa and Illinois, which will add approximately 245 miles of 345 kV transmission line to MidAmerican Energy's transmission system, with remaining expenditures predominantly in 2016.
- Remaining costs primarily relate to routine expenditures for distribution, generation, transmission and other infrastructure needed to serve existing and expected demand.

In April 2015, MidAmerican Energy filed with the IUB an application for ratemaking principles related to the construction of up to 552 MW (nominal ratings) of additional wind-powered generating facilities expected to be placed in service by the end of 2016. In June 2015, MidAmerican Energy and the Iowa Office of Consumer Advocate entered into a settlement agreement relating to the proposal. The settlement agreement, which is subject to IUB approval, establishes a cost cap of \$903 million, including AFUDC, and provides for a fixed rate of return on equity of 11.35% over the proposed 30-year useful lives of those facilities in any future Iowa rate proceeding. The cost cap ensures that as long as total costs are below the cap, the investment will be deemed prudent in any future Iowa rate proceeding. MidAmerican Energy has requested IUB approval by the end of the third quarter of 2015.

Contractual Obligations

As of June 30, 2015, there have been no material changes outside the normal course of business in MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's contractual obligations from the information provided in Item 7 of their Annual Report on Form 10⁻K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Environmental Laws and Regulations

MidAmerican Energy is subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations regarding air and water quality, emissions performance standards, climate change, coal combustion byproduct disposal, hazardous and solid waste disposal, protected species and other environmental matters that have the potential to impact its current and future operations. In addition to imposing continuing compliance obligations, these laws and regulations provide regulators with the authority to levy substantial penalties for noncompliance including fines, injunctive relief and other sanctions. These laws and regulations are administered by the EPA and various state and local agencies. MidAmerican Energy believes it is in material compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, although many are subject to interpretation that may ultimately be resolved by the courts. Refer to "Liquidity and Capital Resources" for discussion of MidAmerican Energy's forecast environmental-related capital expenditures. The discussion below contains material developments to those matters disclosed in Item 7 of MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Clean Air Act Regulations

National Ambient Air Quality Standards

The Sierra Club filed a lawsuit against the EPA in August 2013 with respect to the one-hour sulfur dioxide standards and its failure to make certain attainment designations in a timely manner. In March 2015, the United States District Court for the Northern District of California ("Northern District of California") accepted as an enforceable order an agreement between the EPA and Sierra Club to resolve litigation concerning the deadline for completing the designations. The Northern District of California's order directed the EPA to complete designations in three phases: the first phase by July 2, 2016; the second phase by December 31, 2017; and the final phase by December 31, 2020. The first phase of the designations require the EPA to designate two groups of areas: 1) areas that have newly monitored violations of the 2020 sulfur dioxide standard; and 2) areas that contain any stationary source that, according to the EPA's data, either emitted more than 16,000 tons of sulfur dioxide in 2012 or emitted more than 2,600 tons of sulfur dioxide and had an emission rate of at least 0.45 lbs/sulfur dioxide per million British thermal unit in 2012 and, as of March 2, 2015, had not been announced for retirement. MidAmerican Energy's George Neal Unit 4 and the Ottumwa Generating Station (in which MidAmerican Energy has a majority ownership interest in, but does not operate), are included as units subject to the first phase of the designations, having emitted more than 2,600 tons of sulfur dioxide and having an emission rate of at least 0.45 lbs/sulfur dioxide per million British thermal unit in 2012. States may submit to the EPA updated recommendations and supporting information for the EPA to consider in making its determinations and Iowa intends to submit such updated and supporting information by the specified deadline of September 18, 2015. The EPA intends to promulgate final sulfur dioxide area designations no later than July 2, 2016.

Mercury and Air Toxics Standards

Numerous lawsuits have been filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit ("D.C. Circuit") challenging the Mercury and Air Toxics Standards ("MATS"). In April 2014, the D.C. Circuit upheld the MATS requirements. In November 2014, the United States Supreme Court agreed to hear the MATS appeal on the limited issue of whether the EPA unreasonably refused to consider costs in determining whether it is appropriate to regulate hazardous air pollutants emitted by electric utilities. Oral argument in the case was held before the United States Supreme Court in March 2015, and a decision was issued by the United States Supreme Court in June 2015, which reversed and remanded the MATS rule to the D.C. Circuit for further action. The United States Supreme Court held that the EPA had acted unreasonably when it deemed cost irrelevant to the decision to regulate generating facilities, and that cost, including costs of compliance, must be considered before deciding whether regulation is necessary and appropriate. The United States Supreme Court's decision did not vacate or stay implementation of the MATS rule, and until the D.C. Circuit takes further action, MidAmerican Energy continues to have a legal obligation under the MATS rule and its permits issued by the states in which it operates to comply with the MATS rule, including operating all emissions controls or otherwise complying with the MATS requirements, such as retiring the Walter Scott, Jr. Energy Center Units 1 and 2 coal-fueled generating facilities and ceasing the utilization of coal at the Riverside Generating Station.

GHG Performance Standards

Under the Clean Air Act, the EPA may establish emissions standards that reflect the degree of emissions reductions achievable through the best technology that has been demonstrated, taking into consideration the cost of achieving those reductions and any non-air quality health and environmental impact and energy requirements. The EPA entered into a settlement agreement with a number of parties, including certain state governments and environmental groups, in December 2010 to promulgate emissions standards covering GHG. In April 2012, the EPA proposed new source performance standards for new fossil-fueled generating facilities that would limit emissions of carbon dioxide to 1,000 pounds per MWh. As part of his Climate Action Plan, President Obama announced a national climate change strategy and issued a presidential memorandum requiring the EPA to issue a reproposed GHG new source performance standard for fossil-fueled generating facilities by September 2013. The September 2013 GHG new source performance standards released by the EPA set different standards for coal-fueled and natural gas-fueled generating facilities. The proposed standard for natural gas-fueled generating facilities considered the size of the unit and the electricity sent to the grid from the unit. The proposed standards were published in the Federal Register January 8, 2014, and the public comment period closed in May 2014. On August 3, 2015, the EPA issued the final new source performance standards, establishing a standard of 1,000 pounds of carbon dioxide per MWh for large natural gas-fueled generating facilities and 1,400 pounds of carbon dioxide per MWh for new coal-fueled generating facilities with the "Best System of Emission Reduction" for coal-fueled generating facilities reflecting highly efficient supercritical pulverized coal facilities with partial carbon capture and sequestration or integrated gasification combined-cycle units that are co-fired with natural gas or pre-combustion slipstream capture of carbon dioxide. Any new fossil-fueled generating facilities constructed by MidAmerican Energy will be required to meet the GHG new source performance standards.

In June 2014, the EPA released proposed regulations to address GHG emissions from existing fossil-fueled generating facilities, referred to as the Clean Power Plan, under Section 111(d) of the Clean Air Act. The EPA's proposal calculated state-specific emission rate targets to be achieved based on four building blocks that it determined were the "Best System of Emission Reduction." The four building blocks include: (a) a 6% heat rate improvement from coal-fueled generating facilities; (b) increased utilization of existing combined-cycle natural gas-fueled generating facilities to 70%; (c) increased deployment of renewable and non-carbon generating resources; and (d) increased energy efficiency. Under this proposal, states could have utilized any measure to achieve the specified emission reduction goals, with an initial implementation period of 2020-2029 and the final goal to be achieved by 2030. When fully implemented, the proposal was expected to reduce carbon dioxide emissions in the power sector to 30% below 2005 levels by 2030. The final Clean Power Plan was released August 3, 2015 and changed the methodology upon which the Best System of Emission Reduction is based to include: (a) heat rate improvements; (b) increased utilization of existing combinedcycle natural gas-fueled generating facilities; and (c) increased deployment of new and incremental non-carbon generation placed in-service after 2012. The EPA also changed the compliance period to begin in 2022, with three interim periods of compliance and with the final goal to be achieved by 2030. Based on changes to the state emission reduction targets, which are now all between 771 pounds per MWh and 1,305 pounds per MWh, the Clean Power Plan, when fully implemented, is expected to reduce carbon dioxide emissions in the power sector to 32% below 2005 levels by 2030. The EPA also released on August 3, 2015, a draft federal plan as an option or backstop for states to utilize in the event they do not submit approvable state plans. The draft federal plan is expected to be open for a 90-day public comment period after publication in the Federal Register. States are required to submit initial implementation plans by September 2016, and may request an extension to September 2018. The impacts of the final rule or the federal plan on MidAmerican Energy cannot be determined until the states develop their implementation plans or the federal plan is finalized. MidAmerican Energy has historically pursued cost-effective projects, including plant efficiency improvements, increased diversification of its generating fleet to include deployment of renewable and lower carbon generating resources, and advancement of customer energy efficiency programs.

The GHG rules and MidAmerican Energy's compliance requirements are subject to potential outcomes from proceedings and litigation challenging the rules.

Coal Combustion Byproduct Disposal

In May 2010, the EPA released a proposed rule to regulate the management and disposal of coal combustion byproducts, presenting two alternatives to regulation under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act ("RCRA"). The public comment period closed in November 2010. The final rule was released by the EPA on December 19, 2014, was published in the Federal Register on April 17, 2015 and will be effective on October 19, 2015. The final rule regulates coal combustion byproducts as non-hazardous waste under RCRA Subtitle D and establishes minimum nationwide standards for the disposal of coal combustion residuals. Under the final rule, surface impoundments and landfills utilized for coal combustion byproducts may need to be closed unless they can meet the more stringent regulatory requirements.

As defined by the final rule, MidAmerican Energy owns or operates seven surface impoundments and four landfills that contain coal combustion byproducts. MidAmerican Energy continues to assess the requirements of the final rule to determine required compliance activities and the associated costs.

Collateral and Contingent Features

Debt securities of MidAmerican Energy are rated by credit rating agencies. Assigned credit ratings are based on each rating agency's assessment of MidAmerican Energy's ability to, in general, meet the obligations of its issued debt securities. The credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities, and there is no assurance that a particular credit rating will continue for any given period of time. As of June 30, 2015, MidAmerican Energy's credit ratings for its senior secured debt and its issuer credit ratings for senior unsecured debt from the three recognized credit rating agencies were investment grade.

MidAmerican Funding and MidAmerican Energy have no credit rating downgrade triggers that would accelerate the maturity dates of its outstanding debt, and a change in ratings is not an event of default under the applicable debt instruments. MidAmerican Energy's unsecured revolving credit facilities do not require the maintenance of a minimum credit rating level in order to draw upon their availability. However, commitment fees and interest rates under the credit facilities are tied to credit ratings and increase or decrease when the ratings change. A ratings downgrade could also increase the future cost of commercial paper, short- and long-term debt issuances or new credit facilities.

In accordance with industry practice, certain wholesale agreements, including derivative contracts, contain credit support provisions that in part base MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements on its credit ratings for senior unsecured debt as reported by one or more of the three recognized credit rating agencies. These agreements may either specifically provide bilateral rights to demand cash or other security if credit exposures on a net basis exceed specified rating-dependent threshold levels ("credit-risk-related contingent features") or provide the right for counterparties to demand "adequate assurance," or in some cases terminate the contract, in the event of a material adverse change in MidAmerican Energy's creditworthiness. These rights can vary by contract and by counterparty. If all credit-risk-related contingent features or adequate assurance provisions for these agreements had been triggered as of June 30, 2015, MidAmerican Energy would have been required to post \$203 million of additional collateral. MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements could fluctuate considerably due to market price volatility, changes in credit ratings, changes in legislation or regulation, or other factors. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for a discussion of MidAmerican Energy's collateral requirements specific to its derivative contracts.

New Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of new accounting pronouncements affecting MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding, refer to Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q.

Critical Accounting Estimates

Certain accounting measurements require management to make estimates and judgments concerning transactions that will be settled several years in the future. Amounts recognized on the Financial Statements based on such estimates involve numerous assumptions subject to varying and potentially significant degrees of judgment and uncertainty and will likely change in the future as additional information becomes available. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for the effects of certain types of regulation, derivatives, impairment of goodwill and long-lived assets, pension and other postretirement benefits, income taxes and revenue recognition - unbilled revenue. For additional discussion of MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's critical accounting estimates, see Item 7 of their Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. There have been no significant changes in MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's assumptions regarding critical accounting estimates since December 31, 2014.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk affecting MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding, see Item 7A of their Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014. MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's exposure to market risk and their management of such risk has not changed materially since December 31, 2014. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements in Item 1 of this Form 10-Q for disclosure of MidAmerican Energy's derivative positions as of June 30, 2015.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

At the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, the Company (MidAmerican Energy or MidAmerican Funding, as applicable) carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and the Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended). Based upon that evaluation, the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and the Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms, and is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 30, 2015, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There has been no material change to MidAmerican Funding's or MidAmerican Energy's risk factors from those disclosed in Item 1A of their Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Not applicable.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

The exhibits listed on the accompanying Exhibit Index are filed as part of this Quarterly Report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MIDAMERICAN FUNDING, LLC MIDAMERICAN ENERGY COMPANY

(Registrants)

Date: August 7, 2015 /s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer
Vice President and Controller
of MidAmerican Funding, LLC
and Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
of MidAmerican Energy Company
(principal financial and accounting officer)

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No. Description

MidAmerican Energy

15.1	Awareness Letter of Deloitte & Touche LLP
31.1	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
MidAmerican Funding	
31.3	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.4	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.3	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.4	Principal Executive Officer Certification Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

MidAmerican Energy and MidAmerican Funding

The following financial information from MidAmerican Energy's and MidAmerican Funding's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, is formatted in XBRL (eXtensible Business Reporting Language) and included herein: (i) the Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity, (v) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (vi) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, tagged in summary and detail.

August 7, 2015

To the Board of Directors and Shareholder of MidAmerican Energy Company Des Moines, Iowa

We have reviewed, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the unaudited interim financial information of MidAmerican Energy Company for the periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, as indicated in our report dated August 7, 2015; because we did not perform an audit, we expressed no opinion on that information.

We are aware that our report referred to above, which is included in your Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015, is incorporated by reference in the Registration Statement No. 333-192077 on Form S-3.

We also are aware that the aforementioned report, pursuant to Rule 436(c) under the Securities Act of 1933, is not considered a part of the Registration Statement prepared or certified by an accountant or a report prepared or certified by an accountant within the meaning of Sections 7 and 11 of that Act.

/s/ Deloitte & Touche LLP

Des Moines, Iowa

I, William J. Fehrman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MidAmerican Energy Company;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material
 fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not
 misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed
 under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated
 subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report
 is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ William J. Fehrman

William J. Fehrman

President and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

I, Thomas B. Specketer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MidAmerican Energy Company;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(principal financial officer)

I, William J. Fehrman, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MidAmerican Funding, LLC;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material
 fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not
 misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed
 under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated
 subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report
 is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ William J. Fehrman

William J. Fehrman

President

(principal executive officer)

I, Thomas B. Specketer, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MidAmerican Funding, LLC;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material
 fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not
 misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed
 under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated
 subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report
 is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer

Vice President and Controller

(principal financial officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, William J. Fehrman, President and Chief Executive Officer of MidAmerican Energy Company (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ William J. Fehrman

William J. Fehrman

President and Chief Executive Officer

(principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Thomas B. Specketer, Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of MidAmerican Energy Company (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:
- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer

Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(principal financial officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, William J. Fehrman, President of MidAmerican Funding, LLC (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ William J. Fehrman

William J. Fehrman

President

(principal executive officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

- I, Thomas B. Specketer, Vice President and Controller of MidAmerican Funding, LLC (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, that to the best of my knowledge:
- (1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2015 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o (d)); and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: August 7, 2015

/s/ Thomas B. Specketer

Thomas B. Specketer

Vice President and Controller

(principal financial officer)